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I tried to upgrade my system with `sudo apt upgrade` but got stuck on the error `E: sub-process /usr/bin/dpkg returned an error code (1)`. The problem was caused by a dependency issue between `plymouth`, `plymouth-label`, `kali-themes`, and `initramfs-tools`. To resolve this, I had to hold these packages with `sudo apt-mark hold` and then update my system with `sudo apt update && sudo apt upgrade -y`. After that, I unheld the packages with `sudo apt-mark unhold`. I am trying to put my Linux system to sleep but it doesn't seem to work, despite following best practices such as disabling power manager settings and using `xset -dpms` and `xset s off` commands. I have been using Linux for years and know its basics, but I still can't figure out the solution. Does anyone have any additional advice or solutions? Finally, after weeks of searching, I found a temporary workaround by running these commands in my terminal, however it doesn't persist even after rebooting.`sudo apt update [sudo] password for kali: apt update: updates the package lists for available software, sudo apt full-upgrade -y upgrades installed packages to their latest versions, and sudo apt install installs a new software package. Whenever doing something requiring admin permission, use sudo before the command. For example, to upgrade installed packages, the full command is: sudo apt full-upgrade -y apt stands for Advanced Package Tool, a package management system that installs, updates, and removes software packages. This is my short article for beginners.If I missed something or need edits, please share thoughts. @Shaunak thanks for this well-explained guide; it's indeed helpful. I have a question: can you explain WSL in simple words? 2 Likes So basically WSL stands for Windows Subsystem for Linux, a feature of Windows that lets you run Linux applications and utilities on Windows.It will be installed like regular software in your Windows machine. When opened, you'll access the terminal and various other Linux features. @Shaunak thanks for this easy explanation. To install and run WSL, follow these steps: 7 Likes Thank you for inviting me to this forum. If I get stuck, I'll ask or post in the forum.Welcome to the community @Rashi; thank you for accepting my invitation. You're free to ask if you have queries. linuxjourney.com is a great resource to learn Linux basics here. 2 Likes Hi @Shaunak, I installed Kali in VMware using an external SSD as the main hard drive. First time it boots fine but after reboot, it gets stuck while booting? 6 Likes Page 2 Regarding this issue, kindly recheck the boot settings in your PC. This may also arise due to a USB 2.0 port not supporting a USB 3.0 or later.At the moment, no one uses my notebook or knows the password; it's unnecessary Depends on what you're doing with the laptop. If you're just cosplaying as a hacker, no issues. I'm only using it for studies and nothing else. 1 Like @Shaunak, I got it Is there any free course available on Kali? 1 Like If you want to learn hacking, check out adaywithtape.blogspot.com. Ya same here; it will be helpful to enroll in such a course for free. You're using mostly all popular browsers which have a print as PDF option. To export your documents as PDF created with LibreOffice, open the document in your text editor, go to File > Export As > Export as PDF and save it in an easily accessible location. Alternatively, you can use the terminal command "sudo apt update && sudo apt full-upgrade -y" followed by "sudo apt install wireshark -y". For Wireshark installation on Kali Linux, follow these steps: 1. Update Your System to ensure the latest version. 2. Install Wireshark using "sudo apt install wireshark -y". For non-root users, add your user to the "wireshark" group and restart your system. You can verify the installation by running "wireshark --version". To launch Wireshark, use GUI or CLI options. However, it seems that in Kali Linux, Wireshark is not pre-installed; you need to install it using "sudo apt install neofetch" and then run "neofetch". Another option for running python programs in Kali is by navigating to the folder containing your python file, running "python3 Shaunak.py", and executing the script. For WiFi hacking tools like Aircrack-ng, Reaver, Wifite, Fern WiFi Cracker, and Kismet, be sure to use them responsibly.The Latest Kali Linux Issues and Solutions###ENDARTICLEIm having trouble installing Nethunter on my OnePlus 8 Pro running OOS 12. The installation fails with a permission error saying magisk doesnt have access to boot scripts. I tried using the OOS 11 version, but it only works flawlessly without WiFi adapter issues or nethunter store app errors. Another issue arises from installing kernel via TWRP as it results in no bootloop afterwards and WiFi works fine.Looking forward to seeing you at the meeting tomorrow. I've got some issues with NH being buggy and crashing randomly after installation. I tried installing from recovery, but the problem persists. Have you tried Magisk version 26 or 27? I've already tested both versions, but I'm still experiencing the same error message. Is it related to the 2025.1 installer or just a security patch issue?I raised an issue on GitLab, and I'll try with Kali 2024.4 installer to see if it helps. You can try installing Magisk separately from NH app kernel tab, as suggested in the comments. If that doesn't work, you can also try installing the custom kernel for Samsung A30S/FN Android 11.I'm using KeX app to access session, and I don't experience any issues with rvnc. However, sometimes the NH app crashes intermittently when I run Firefox browser and zaproxy simultaneously, if you can make something work on a later version, go for it, but if you cant make it work and it keeps throwing you out, install and try an earlier version 1 Like Please come to a different thread for kernel developing. Do you have Discord or Telegram? With the 2023.1 release of Kali, the team introduced the concept of Kali Purple. A proof of concept to combine the Kali distribution with other tools to create a SOC in a box. The Kali Gitlab wiki has the most information on this topic. It looks like multiple VMs deployed with various tools deployed such as a firewall, elastic SIEM, and more. What Id like to see in this forum topic is how are you using Kali Purple? How far along did you get with the setup? What road blocks did you run into or where did you learn the most? My personal experience started with best intentions, to create a deployment on Proxmox, document the journey, and finally see if it could be automated via something like Hashicorp Terraform. I repurposed my homelab server to run Proxmox I was able to get a few VMs up and running, Kali and Opnsense However I quickly learned my networking and Proxmox knowledge was not up to par. I shut down the server and need to spend some time learning the basics of the related tools. Hello. To be honest, I am new to this forum and new to Kali Linux, and new to Linux in general. After having worked for Microsoft for e bit less than 20 years, I got really sick of the Windows OS and the latest bloated cloud-native operating systems. For tons of other reasons, I left Microsoft more than 2 years ago and now I am working for a company that has nothing to do with the manufacturing of the operating systems rather use them to do their daily business. Still I do not like what I have, a MacOS which I extremely hate, and a Windows 11 that I cannot tolerate. So for my personal use at home, I started evaluating Linux as an alternative, and I am learning. I tried several Linux distros, Ubuntu, Linux Mint, Debian, Fedora, and Kali Linux. At the end I opted for Kali Linux for several reasons: I already have a Kali Linux running on a cheap computer I got from AliExpress where I installed Pi-Hole as a DNS sink so that I do not see ads anymore on any of my home devices I have always had passion for security trying to hack my own devices to see how good my security measure are Kali seems to be the best in terms of the security tools, penetration tests, auditing, all in a one box Do I like Kali? Yes and no. Yes because it is FREE, it runs on old hardware smoothly, it has lots of potentials and combines tons of security-related tools in one box just out of the box. No, because Linux in general is not that user-friendly OS like Windows. No offense intended to anyone, but at least in the lousy Windows, the commands are easy to remember and intuitive, on Linux on the other hand, there are commands that have no meaning at all, like nano , vi, grep, touch, cat, tar, chmod and tons of other commands. For example chmod changes the permissions on a file/directory, so I get it that CH stands for CHANGE, but what the heck is MOD? To be continued Hey Guys and Gals, Came across your thread and had a read through. In some respects I couldnt agree more but I have experience in a number of products both Linux, Microsoft, Unix and derivatives. Yes, Initially navigating the command line in all three can be difficult. I had to transition from Linux command line to Microsoft once upon a time and it was tough once I got my head around Linux because the commands in Microsoft did make logical sense but I didnt know any of them. The issue I found is how rigid the closed source commands are yet how flexible the opensourced are in comparison. You can do a lot more with the Unix command set and almost all of the applications are accessible with their own commands built around design and the Unix base architecture, extremely well distributed across the whole system and apps compared with Microsoft. I like all the archs for various reasons. Apple, for me it is the cost is the issue, over glorified hardware and software at a pretentious price tag I can get for 1/6th the price and better spec and with more flexibility through alternative solutions. I do like their OS gui though (not over and above Microsoft or Linux) and their hardware designs are sleek, but the price tag again, too excessive. I any case, I wanted to refer you to the following resources | The OReilly Linux Pocket Guide (3rd ed is fine) and Specifically OffSec PEN-103 KLCP - Free for registered users here PEN-103: Kali Linux Revealed | OffSec Having started the KLCP amongst 2 current certifications NCFE level 3 and CICT through ec-council, the PEN-103 KLCP is fairly liberal in time scale and can be pursued at own pace but from what I have been reading in the PEN-103 KLCP so far, they go through some very in-depth use and Hi all, Im a newbie to Linux. I started out a few years ago compiling and running various distros and flavours within a virtual environment and havent looked back. Having said that, for me a rigid, case sensitive command line to install, compile and configure applications and system wide processes, blew me away. Daily driver. Numbat. Offsec, white hat testing. Polly, Kali and snoopy. I have recently discovered Purple is really liking the distro, its very involved and elastic malcolm and hedgehog to name a few, which i know little about but fully understand the capabilities of these. ###ENDARTICLEError Running Legion on Kali 2024.4 with VirtualBox am having trouble running the Legion tool on my Kali 2024.4 system using VirtualBox. Despite trying reinstalling and editing the configuration file, I'm experiencing the same issue as in previous versions of Kali like 2024.2 but not 2024.3.When I run Legion in the terminal, I see a long list of information before it crashes. The output includes messages about creating a temporary project, establishing an SQLite connection, and running nmap scans for each stage. However, just before the crash, I get a "TypeError" when trying to sort the hosts table.I've tried various solutions, but none have worked so far. Does anyone know how to resolve this issue or perhaps provide some guidance on how to troubleshoot it?`

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